

Appendix M: As of December 13, 2014 - Requirements for the Movement of Poultry, Poultry Products, and Related Materials Into, Within, out of, and In-Transit Through the Primary Control Zone During a Notifiable Avian Influenza Outbreak

9. Movement of Replacement Laying Poultry Between Two Poultry Premises

Biosecurity protocols must be fully implemented for all movements into, within, or out of the PCZ.

The CFIA has the right to change any of the permit types or movement requirements at any time during the NAI outbreak without prior notice. It is the responsibility of the person planning the movement to obtain the most current movement requirements prior to moving the controlled commodities.

	To: IZ ≤ 1 km	To: IZ 1-3 km RZ	To: SZ
From: IZ ≤ 1 km	Prohibited	Prohibited	Prohibited
From: IZ 1-3 km RZ	Prohibited	SP	SP
From: SZ	Prohibited	SP	SP
From: Free Zone	Prohibited	GP	GP

Permit Forms

Comments

- The movement of mature poultry between two premises is considered to bring a high risk of transmission.

- Movement from IZ to IZ means that the movement is taking place within the same IZ and not between different IZs.
- Movement from IZ to RZ means that the movement is taking place from the IZ to the RZ that surrounds it.
- Movement within the same premises will require testing, according to the regular pre-movement testing requirements of the zone.
- No movement is allowed out of the PCZ.

Prohibited

Movements from IZ and RZ to the FZ are not allowed.

SP = Specific Permit – From IZ, SZ, RZ

A SP is needed to move replacement laying poultry from a poultry premises located in the IZ, RZ, or SZ, to one poultry premises that is located in the IZ, RZ, or SZ.

Requirements

A. General

- Wheel wells and tires of vehicles, used for the purpose described in the permit, must be cleaned after off-loading and prior to leaving the destination premises.
- Routing through the PCZ, suggested by the industry, must be pre-approved by the CFIA.
- The CFIA must review flock health and production records (mortality, water, and feed consumption), of both the originating and receiving premises, for 21 days prior to movement.

B. Requirements for Receiving Premises With Other Live Poultry On-Site

- Daily flock health and production records (mortality, water, and feed consumption) of the poultry from receiving premises must be provided to the CFIA once a week for three weeks (21 days) from the time the poultry was received.
- The CFIA must complete an assessment of the existing flock's daily flock health and production records within twenty-four (24) hours prior to receiving the replacement poultry.

C. Requirements for Receiving Premises With No Other Poultry On-Site

- The receiving premises will be declared an Infected Place at the time the replacement poultry arrives, and will remain so until negative test results are received from samples collected a minimum of 21 days after the replacement poultry arrived on the premises.

D. Requirements for Source Premises

- The source premises must be declared an Infected Place from the date of sample collection, if not already declared infected. The declaration will be released, if appropriate, when the poultry leaves the source premises.
- Negative serologic test results for poultry on the **source premises** from samples collected at least 14 days prior to poultry movement if no serology has previously been done on this flock.
- Negative PCR test result for the **source premises** from samples collected at least 14 days prior to poultry movement, if noPCR testing has previously been conducted on this flock.
- Negative PCR test result for the **source premises** from samples collected within 72 hours prior to poultry movement.
- The CFIA must complete an assessment of the source flock's daily flock health and production records within twenty-four (24) hours prior to loading.
- The producer who is shipping the poultry must comply with the surveillance requirements of the dead bird surveillance program specified for the zone, with negative results, within the required time period.
- The CFIA must conduct an official veterinary inspection at issuance of permit within twenty-four (24) hours prior to loading.

SP = Specific Permit – From FZ

The same SP requirements as from IZ, RZ, and SZ, except there are no requirements for the source premises.

GP = General Permit – From FZ

A GP is needed to move replacement laying poultry from a poultry premises located in the FZ to a poultry premises that is located in either the RZ or the SZ.

SP "In-Transit" = Specific Permit In-Transit – From FZ

An "In-Transit" SP is needed to move replacement laying poultry from one premises to another when the movement has its origin and destination outside the PCZ; that is, from one premises to another both located in the FZ, but with a route traversing the PCZ. The shipment is not permitted to load or off-load anything within the PCZ.

Requirements

- Routing through the PCZ, suggested by the industry, must be pre-approved by the CFIA.
- The shipment must be officially sealed. Seals must be applied and removed under the authority of the CFIA. Seals must remain intact while moving through the PCZ.

Comment

- When applicable, to be eligible for export, maintain the identity of the shipment.

